DERCP 1.0 March 22, 2022 Appendix B.

Sample Protection Philosophy for Distributed Energy Resource Proponents Applying for Connection

This document is a summary of a sample protection philosophy for non-exporting, inverterbased (NE/I) connections including storage, solar, and wind. The OEB intends it as a guide for applicants regarding the kinds of protections, and particularly the categories of protections, that distributors will require for connection.

This is one example of a protection philosophy that would meet the requirements for a complete protection philosophy for the purpose of a CIA application9. Other philosophies may also meet the standards. It provides guidance to a distributed energy resource (DER) proponent on good utility practice as it relates to protection requirements of non-exporting, inverter-based (NE/I) DERs. To form a protection scheme, all the elements for each category within any given protection philosophy are requirements.

This document is not an approval for connection. This information should help applicants file better and more complete applications for connection. An applicant will need to submit detailed protection settings after the utility has completed the impact assessment of the submitted connection application.

The standards and certification testing referenced in this document should be read as referring to the current versions of these standards at time of reading.

The contents of this document, although intended as guidance, conform to the interconnection and approval requirements prevalent at the time of its issuance. At all times, the current versions of relevant codes and standards govern.

Sample Protection Philosophy for Non-exporting Inverter-based Sources

Project Name:

Project ID#:

Project Type:

Capacity:

Connection feeder (optional):

In compliance with the technical interconnection requirements of the local distribution company for which this project will interconnect, the protection system of the connection will be designed to:

- Detect internal faults with the generator facility, downstream of the Point of Common Coupling (PCC), and automatically disconnect the NE/I source
- Detect external faults on the utility feeder and automatically disconnect the NE/I source

- Detect islanding conditions and disconnect the NE/I source
- Detect export of power from the NE/I source to the utility feeder and automatically disconnect the NE/I source

Internal Faults Within the Generator Facility

The following protections are in place to protect against internal faults resulting from the NE/I source:

- Multi-Function Relay-At the PCC, a multi-function relay will be installed to monitor internal faults resulting from the NE/I source. The 52 Trip Breaker will trip if it detects the following:
 - o 25 Synchronization Check
 - o 27 Undervoltage
 - o 59 Overvoltage
 - 810/U Under and Over Frequency
 - ID -Active Anti-Islanding
- Inverter Breakers Each inverter is equipped with an AC breaker at the output of the inverter providing additional overcurrent protection
- Facility Overcurrent Protection All circuits within the facility are protected from both phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground faults by appropriate overcurrent protection devices. Fuses are sized to clear under fault conditions within the generator facility

External Phase and Ground Faults in the Distribution System

The following protections are in place to protect against external faults resulting from the utility feeder:

- Multi-Function Relay At the main utility service, prior to the first facility load, a multifunction relay will be installed to monitor faults from the utility feeder. The 52 Trip Breaker at the NE/I source PCC will trip under the following faults:
 - o 27 Undervoltage
 - 32R- Reverse Power
 - o 50/51- Overcurrent
 - \circ 59 Overvoltage
 - 810/U Under and Over Frequency
 - o 67 Directional
- Inverter Protection: The inverters proposed for this project are certified to UL 1741, IEEE 1547, CSA C22.2 107.1-01 standards10 and will behave accordingly. All references to standards or testing certification should be read as the most current version.

Anti-Islanding

- The Energy Resource Facility will operate in a grid following mode and will not operate islanded.
- Anti-Islanding Inverters -The NE/I source inverters contain both passive and active antiislanding protection as required by IEEE 1547 and UL1741 SA. If the utility normal power supply is interrupted, the inverters detect the loss of power and disconnect.

Reverse Power

• Reverse Power Protection - In addition to the multi-function relay at the utility supply monitoring reverse power (32R), the load is continually monitored to ensure the NE/I source discharge is below the consumption of the facility. This additionally protects against power injection to the utility grid.

Directional Overcurrent

• Directional overcurrent protection - Directional overcurrent relays are normally used on incoming line circuit breakers on buses which have two or more sources. They are connected to trip an incoming line breaker for fault current flow back into the source, so that a fault on one source is not fed by the other sources.

Special Comment Regarding Inverter Based Generation

The inverters specified for this project have a limited fault current contribution.

• Because inverters are current-limited devices, unlike rotating generators, the fault current is very close to the maximum output current, limiting the fault current in the system to 120% -140% of FLA.

Breaker Failure Scheme (Facilities with an aggregate output > 500kW)

In the event that 52-A fails to open when intertie protection relay calls for a trip, 52-B will instantaneously trip and lock out.

Reconnection

Manual reconnection: There is no automatic reconnection scheme at this facility. A manual reconnection will only be executed when given permission by the respective controlling authority.

OR

Automatic reconnection scheme: Intertie protection relay will initiate automatic reconnection of DER only after a fault event has occurred on the utility feeder and not after a fault event within the DER facility. Stable voltage and frequency measurement within ranges and for time period stipulated in the technical interconnection requirements will be met prior to automatic reconnection. Internal faults will be distinguished from external faults by pickup of directional

overcurrent 67/67N protection element looking into DER facility. This will ensure reconnection into facility fault is prohibited by blocking of automatic reconnection scheme for facility faults.

Open Phase Protection

This project consists of multiple 1-phase inverters connecting to a 3-phase service or multiple 3-phase inverters connecting to a 3-phase service; therefore, open phase protection will be provided by 46 and/or 47 element(s) in the intertie protection relay to ensure the BESS maintains a balanced 3-phase output and detects loss of voltage in one or more phases and will trip the entire generating facility upon detection of such.

OR

Attached is a signed letter from the inverter manufacturer stating that a facility comprising of multiple inverters is capable of maintaining a balanced 3-phase output and will detect loss of voltage in one or more phases and will trip the entire generating facility upon detection of such.

Communications and Transfer Trip/DGEO (if applicable)

Summarize communication systems and transfer trip/DGEO timing (if applicable).

Description	IEEE Device	Internal Faults	External Faults	Anti- Islanding	Reverse Power	Trips 52- A	Trips 52- B	Disables Inverters
Over-Voltage	59	х	х	х		х		х
Under- Voltage	27	Х	х	х		х		х
Over- Frequency	810	Х	х	х		х		х
Under- Frequency	81U	х	х	х		х		х
Instantaneous Over-Current Phase	50	х	х			х		х
Timed Over- Current Phase	51	х	х			х		х
Reverse Power	32R			х	х	х		
Breaker Fail	50BF						х	
Active Anti- Islanding	IEEE 1547			х				х

Table 1: Protection Summary Matrix

Table 2: Protection Elements

Protection Element Function	Device # Feeder Protection Relay/Shunt Trip		IEEE 1741 SA Inverter	
Over-Voltage	59	Х	Y	
Under-Voltage	27	Х	Y	
Over-Frequency	810	Х	Y	
Under-Frequency	81U	Х	Y	
Synchronization Check	25	х	Y	
Reverse Power	32R	Х		
Over Current	50/51	Х	Y	
Directional	67	Х		
Active Anti-Islanding	id		X	
X = Prir	nary	Y = Secondary		